OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1749. [N°. 269.]

Oſtentare potius urbi bellum, quam inferre.
TACIT.

WE have not had a public Miniſter at *Stockholm* ever ſince the Quarrel that happened between that Court and ours, on Account of the Violence that was ſaid to have been offered to our *Reſident* there, by certain *Swediſh* Officers beſetting his Houſe; or, as others ſay, obtruding themſelves into it, and ſeizing on the Perſon of an unhappy Delinquent, who had broke Priſon, and taken Shelter under the Wings of the *Britiſh* Miniſter. The Identity of his Crime is not material for our Purpoſe; but I think in general it was practiſing againſt the State of *Sweden*, whereof he was a Subject, and found guilty according to the Laws of his Country. I can't ſay, that it appeared in the Courſe of the Proſecution which was carried on againſt him, that he had been retained againſt his Country by the Emiſſaries of any foreign Court; but ſome ſuſpicious Circumſtances having been diſcovered, they amounted, in the Opinion of the *Swedes*, to a Demonſtration. How this deluded Criminal came to prefer the Houſe of the *Briteſh* Reſident for his Aſylum, to the Houſe of any other Miniſter, can't be very readily accounted for; unleſs probable Conjectures be taken for Evidence.

However, our Court conſidered the Tranſaction as a very great Indignity and an Inſult againſt the Laws of Nations. Our Miniſters were not only loud in their Exclamations in every Court thro' *Europe*, but poſitive and peremptory in repeated Demands of Satisfaction at the Court of *Sweden*; which, on the other Side, perſiſted in what was done and juſtify'd it to the laſt, maugre all the Inſinuations of a *Britiſh* Fleet to be ſeen ſoon in the *Baltic*, after the Retreat of the affronted Miniſter, who was recalled and ordered to depart abruptly from his *Reſidence*. This the *Swedes* ſaw without Emotion, while the *Britiſh* Miniſters foamed with Reſentment.

If, as I apprehend, the *Reſident* held no previous Correſpondence with the Criminal, I think nothing amiſs can be well imputed to him, for giving Sanctuary to a poor Wretch, who had thrown himſelf at his Feet; at leaſt, 'till he had apprized his Court, and received Orders for regulating his Conduct upon it: Yet, I can find nothing in *Grotius*, or in any other learned Author, upon the Laws of Nations that can impeach the Court of *Sweden* for purſuing a flying Criminal, who ſtood convicted by Law, and demanding him up to Juſtice. Nay, if they had ſeized upon him even in the Arms of a foreign Miniſter (which is putting the Caſe much ſtronger than coming before his Houſe, and reclaiming the Refugee) it would have been but a very juſtifiable Action. What State or Nation would be ſafe, if a Doctrine ſhould prevail among Princes for the Protection of Traitors againſt their Sovereign in their own Country? Plots and Conſpiracies muſt, in ſuch a State of Impunity, multiply of Courſe upon us; and a Nation muſt ſtand upon a precarious Footing, when Traitors find an Aſylum ſo near at Hand. Hiſtory furniſhes us with numerous Examples, how Men in deſperate Circumſtances will attempt deſperate Things: How much more may be expected from People in ſuch a Situation, when ſo fair a Scheme of eſcaping public Puniſhment occurs to their Obſervation, and lures them into miſchievous Enterprizes.

As the Affairs of others make but very little Impreſſion upon our Minds in Compariſon with our own, let us bring home the Caſe, and try it by the Touchſtone of Self-Intereſt. Let us imagine ſome notorious State-Criminal, who, like the late Lord *Lovat* in the laſt Rebellion, had plotted and practiced againſt the Proteſtant Succeſſion, in Favour of the Houſe and Family he had voluntarily, publicly and deliberately abjur'd:— I ſay, let us imagine, that this Lord had, after Conviction, eſcaped from the Tower, and taken Refuge in the Houſe of a foreign Miniſter, ſuſpected, or even not ſuſpected, of countenancing his Machinations againſt his Country, and thither purſued and demanded in the Name of his injured Sovereign to be delivered up to the Laws he violated. Is there a Man audacious enough to maintain that this Tranſaction is an Infringement of the Laws of Nations? I doubt, in ſuch a Caſe, the *Engliſh* Mob would not have deliberated ſo long upon a Refuſal, as that of *Sweden* did in the Caſe of *Springet*; but would have fallen immediately to work upon the Miniſter's Houſe, and razed it to the very Ground to to come at the Criminal. The laudable Reſentment the whole Nation ſhew'd againſt the unhappy Rebels that fell into the Hands of Juſtice is recent in our Memories, and was accounted as a general Virtue in the People: And ſhall we not admit of the like Virtue in other Nations? Are the *Swedes* leſs capable of Impreſſions from public Affairs than the *Engliſh* are? Shall we preſumptuouſly engroſs every Virtue within our own narrow Circle, as the ancient *Jews* did by the awful Maker of Heaven and Earth? No! let us act upon the Square; and if we take, let us give, Allowances. The Love of one's Country is a general Virtue, and common to every Nation and People; and every Individual thro' the World intereſts himſelf in the Safety and Honour of his Country.

But we have an Example or two recent among ourſelves, that even the Perſons of Miniſters from foreign Courts, much leſs their Habitations, have not been conſidered by us as ſo very ſacred; but that they have been ſeized upon, and detained on a violent Suſpicion of countenancing Practices againſt the State where they reſide. This is evident in the Caſe of Count *Gyllemburgh*, mentioned in my laſt Paper, who was taken into Cuſtody and impriſoned, notwithſtanding his public Character, on Account of the Meaſures he was embarked in againſt the Court of *Great Britain*. Whether the *Swedes* might have been juſtify'd in recriminating upon us in the Perſon of our Miniſter on the late Occaſion, I muſt leave to the Obſervation and Judgment of others. We may remember likewiſe, that Count *Palms*, the late Emperor's Miniſter, was, for the like Conduct or ſomething very like it, peremptorily ordered to quit the Dominions of *Great Britain* in Four-and-twenty Hours, on Pain of being arreſted and put into Cuſtody.

In Proportion to theſe Tranſactions, one might be induced to believe that the *Swediſh* Court acted with great Moderation, in contenting itſelf with merely reclaiming their Priſoner and ſeizing, after many Expoſtulations, on his Perſon. If ſo, why was all the Pother and Noiſe of violating public Faith made, and echoed from Court to Court with ſo much Vehemence; ſo as to raiſe the Attention of all *Europe* upon us, and ſwell up Expectation as to the Conſequence of it? Or, if the *Swedes* had actually affronted our Court in the Perſon of our *Reſident*, ſo as to render it incompatible with the Honour of the Nation, to let it paſs without a ſignal Revenge, what retarded the National Fleet that was threatened to cover the *Baltic*, to avenge the Wrong and compel the Satisfaction we ſo frequently demanded in vain? After ſo much ado, in Noiſe and Bluſtering, it became incumbent upon us to enter upon Action: It was expected from us by every indifferent Nation, as it was apprehended from our Pride we had made a Reparation of Honor neceſſary.—— But, alas! Time and Reflection cooled our Ferment: Our Paſſion ſubſided, and the *Frotercali* are become ſo ſupple as to truckle to the Terms preſcribed by the State, which they ſo vehemently charged with affronting ours; as we are to expect no M***r from thence, 'till we make the firſt Advance towards a Reconciliation, by ſending one previouſly there. And ſo what? Not to deprecate I hope! Not to ſhare in the Shame that uſually attends a Bully in private Life, who firſt quarrels, bluſters and then, by catching a Tartar, ſcandalouſly ſtoops to aſk Pardon.

But Peace and Quietneſs is with ſome People preferable to a State of War and Diſcord. Thus a certain powerful Nation, reſolved, in the Wiſdom of her M***y, to purchaſe Tranquility around at all Events, ſends Preſents to a little pyratical State, where it formerly ſent Fire and Balls on leſs provoking Occaſions; where we have formerly ſeen their Merchants not only redreſſed but avenged by the Arm of public Power. We may now (alas! how changed!) behold a direct Inſult upon the Government itſelf, in the Caption of a public Ship, his M***y's own Packet! *prudently* overlooked, and a public Loſs of near 100000 *l.* connived at; nay, as it were, rewarded by deprecating Preſents. This is the preſent State of a mighty Nation in the *Atalantic* Ocean. I think they call it the Land of *Got'am*, from the Wiſdom of it's great Officers of State.

But as to ourſelves, I think we are very happy in the Choice that is ſaid to be made of an *Extraordinary Ambaſſador* for the *North*; who, being upon a *Par* with his *Northern* Majeſty in Age, muſt give him very great Satisfaction, in an Opportunity of conferring about old Things. There the long-concealed Abilities of our new Miniſter will ſhine forth in making our own particular Apology, and in compoſing the general Troubles which affect thoſe Parts, and ſo diſappoint the Machinations of *France* and *P**a*, together with the ambitious Views of Marſhal *Saxe* upon *Courland*. If, after he ſhall have completed theſe great Things, he ſhould paſs over to *Algiers*, and exhibit himſelf before the *Dey* and his *Corſair-Divan*, to wiſh the Joy of the Royal Prize they have lately taken, it would be of ſingular Service to theſe Realms, and of high Credit to the renowned *Coalition*, of which he has the Honor to be a Member; and notwithſtanding, that he is Maſter of all the polite Languages in *Europe*; yet if he ſhould deliver his Embaſſy in the broad *Staffordſhire Dialect*, it may tend greatly to enhance the Character of our Language, and, by the Delicacy of his Addreſs, give foreign Nations an advantageous Idea of the Politeneſs of this Nation; but not without ſome Reflection on the Partiality of thoſe who have

been at the Head of our public Affairs from Time to Time, in not employing ſo pretty a Gentleman earlier in Life.

Errata in our laſt: Page 1, laſt Line but three, after *very* read *ſeldom*. P. 2, laſt Line but one, for *every* read *a*.

LONDON.

Wedneſday a Meſſenger arrived at Whitehall, with Diſpatches from his Excellency Benjamin Keene, Eſq; and we hear, has brought the Convention lately entered into with Spain.

Thurſday was held at Kenſington, a Chapter of the moſt noble Order of the Garter, when the following were created Knights of that Order, viz.

The King of Denmark.

His Royal Highneſs Prince George, eldeſt Son of his Royal Highneſs the Prince.

His Grace the Duke of Bedford, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

His Excellency the Earl of Albemarle, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador, to the Court of France.

The Right Hon. Earl Gower, Lord Privy Seal.

And the Right Hon. the Earl of Granville.

We hear John Heathcote, Eſq; Son of Sir John Heathcote, Bart. will ſoon be created a Peer, by the Title of Earl of Stanfield and Baron Normanton, in the County of Rutland.

Monday next is fixed for the Inſtallation of the Knights of the Bath at Weſtminſter-Abbey. After which the new Knights will give an Entertainment to the reſt of the Brethren of that honourable Order and Eſquires, &c. at the Thatch'd Houſe Tavern in St. James's-ſtreet.

The following Gentlemen are to be inſtalled Knights, Sir Edward Hawke, Sir Peter Warren, Sir John Campbell, Sir Charles Howard, Sir John Mordaunt, and Sir John Saville. They will rope in the Jeruſalem Chamber, and not in the Houſe of Peers as uſual.

The Workmen are fitting up the Great Hall of Trinity College, Cambridge, for the Reception of 500 Perſons to dine in on the Inſtallation of his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle.

We hear that the Right Hon. Sir William Calvert, Knt. Lord Mayor, who was formerly of Emanuel College, Cambridge, will be preſent at the Inſtallment of his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle; and that Sir Robert Ladbroke will be appointed *Locum Tenens* during his Abſence.

Tueſday was held a Court of Aldermen at Guildhall, when Peter Roberts, Eſq; of Devonſhire-ſtreet, near Biſhopſgate, was admitted and ſworn into the Office of Comptroller of the Bridge-Houſe, in the room of Joſeph Pickering, Eſq; and at the ſame Time Thomas Pattle, Eſq; formerly in the Eaſt India Service, and late Captain of the Kingſton Man of War, was admitted and ſworn into the Office of Keeper of Guildhall, in the room of Mr. Nathaniel Collyer.

We have Advice from York, that his Grace the Lord Archbiſhop of that Province, has juſt finiſhed his Viſitation, and Confirmation of his Dioceſe; his Grace having viſited the whole County of Nottingham, and the Weſt Riding laſt Summer.

The Right Hon. the Earl Hume has preſented the Rev. Mr. Hume, a near Kelation, to the Rectory of Berresfield in Cumberland; a Living worth 600 l. per Annum.

Wedneſday his Majeſty appointed the Rev. Dr. Coney to be one of his Chaplains in Ordinary.

Laſt Week Dr. Conyers, Dr. Pitcairn, and Dr. Cox, were admitted Fellows of the Royal College of Phyſicians.

The Lords of the Treaſury have appointed Mr. Palmeſton to be Tide-Surveyor for the Port of London, in the room of Mr. Hind, who has reſigned on Account of an ill State of Health.

We are aſſured, a ſecond Embarkation will ſhortly be made for Nova Scotia.

Thomas Brereton, Eſq; is appointed one of the Grooms of the Bed chamber, under the Right Hon. the Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold.

Francis Young, Eſq; is appointed one of the Clerks of his Majeſty's Carriages, and over the Yeomen of the Carriages, and Yeomen Riders.

Monday the Workmen began to take the Lead off the Roof of Weſtminſter-Hall, to ſlate the ſame, in order to lighten the Weight on the Roof of that Edifice.

Thurſday laſt was married, by the Rev. Mr. Franckſin, at his Chapel near Ruſſel ſtreet, Bloomſbury, David Garrick, Eſq; to Eva Maria Violette.

Laſt Week died, in the Caſtle of Cheſter, Mr. Harley, a Gentleman confined there on Account of the late Rebellion.

Laſt Tueſday died at Chelſea, Capt. Ephraim Burnell, many Years in the Service of the Royal Scots; a Gentleman of great Bravery and Honour.

South Wales Circuit.

Richard Carter, Eſq; John Harvey, Eſq;
Saturday Auguſt 12, at Preſteign.
Friday Auguſt 18, at Brecon.
Thurſday Auguſt 24, at Cardiff.

Northern Circuit.

City of York, Monday July 10, at the Guildhall of the ſaid City.
Yorkſhire, The ſame Day, at the Caſtle of York.
Durham, Wedneſday July 19, at the Caſtle of Durham.
Newcaſtle upon Tyne, Monday July 24, at the Guildhall.
Northumberland, The ſame Day, at the Caſtle of Newcaſtle upon Tyne.
Cumberland, Saturday July 29, at the City of Carliſle.
Weſtmoreland, Tueſday Auguſt 3, at Appleby.
Lancaſhire, Tueſday Auguſt 8, at the Caſtle of Lancaſter.

Wedneſday was held a General Court of the Eaſt-India Company, when the Court of Directors laid before the Proprietors the State of their Caſe, with Relation to the Bonds given by the Governor and Council at Madraſs, in September 1746, laid before the Sollicitor and Attorney General, and three other eminent Counſel, purſuant to the Reſolution of the laſt preceding General Court, together with the Counſel's Opinion thereon in Conſultation; by which it did appear to be their unanimous Opinion, that the Company is liable to pay the ſaid Bonds by Law, (except one partiaular Bond of 30000 Pegodes, to the late Governor Morſe, the Payment thereof they are adviſed to ſnſpend for the futxre) altho' it appeared to them, from the Caſe as ſtated, that the Governor and Council were guilty of Fraua and Breach of Truſt; and that if it could be made appear, that the Obligers had been anywiſe qrivy thereto, the Company would be entitled to Relief againſt them in.

Whereupon a Motion was made, That the ſaid Bonds be paid to the Obligers, upon their ſigning ſuch an Inſtrument as ſhould be adviſed by Counſel, purporting, that ſuch Payment ſhould not be underſtood to defeat the Company of any Remedy or Relief they may be intitled to in caſe of Fraud, either againſt the Holder of the Bonds, or the Governor and Council of Madraſs.

But, after long Debates, the previous Queſtion was put, Whsther the ſaid Queſtion ſhould be then put? It paſſed in the Negative; ſo that the ſaid Affair was put off *ſine Die*.

The chief Reaſon for putting off the ſaid Reſolution was, becauſe, as the Company expects in a few Months to have an Account of the Reſtoration of Fort St. George and Madraſs, and with them the Books and Papers that were ſeized by the French at their taking the ſaid Places, it is very probable, that by them ſome Lights may ariſe concerning the ſaid Affair, ſo as ro enable the Company to determine what is moſt proper for them to do, either one Way or the other.

On Wedneſday laſt died, Mr. John Proſoe, one of the Elders of the Eaſt-India Company's Warehouſe in Seething-Lane; and on Wedneſday next the Court of Directors will chuſe a Perſon to ſucceed him.

Laſt Monday was tried in the Court of King's Bench at Weſtminſter-Hall, a Cauſe wherein the Poulterer's Company were Proſecutors, againſt one Francis Patterſon, for following the Trade of a Poultrrer, having no Right or Title thereto. On which the ſaid Patterſon was convicted, and fined 22 l.

Wedneſday was committed to the Gatehouſe by Thomas Ellys, Eſq; of New-Palace-Yard, John Bartholomew, Innkeeper, of Princes-Street, near Leiceſter-Fields, for ſtabbing William Smith in the Belly with a large Claſp-Knife, ſo that his Bowels came out; and Mary Bartholomew, his Wife, in the Thigh, whom he catched in Bed with the above Perſon. They both lie at the Point of Death.

Extract of a Letter from Chicheſter, June 10.

"Laſt Week ſeven Smugglers were taken up for ſmuggling and carry Fire-Arms. There's about 100 in the Gang, and all informed againſt. Three of the ſeven are ſent to Horſham, and four brought to Town, to be examined by the Commiſſioners."

Wedneſday was committed to Newgate, by Sir Joſeph Hankey, Knt. Benjamin How, for aſſaulting and forcibly laying with Katherine Stone, and having carnal Knowledge of her by Violence, and againſt her Will.

On Tueſday Night Mr. Sweet, a foreign Gentleman, going along Throgmorton-ſtreet to his Lodgings, was ſtopt over-againſt Copthall-Court, by a Fellow, who collar'd him, and, on his Reſiſtance, another came up; whilſt he was ſtruggling with theſe two, three more came about him, and all together ſoon overpowered him. One of the Villains ſtuffed a Handkerchief into his Mouth, another tied his Arms with a Cord, and then rifled him of his Watch, a Guinea, 16 s. in Silver, and a blue Silk Sword Belt. Four of them were dreſſed in Sailor's Habit.

Monday Andrew Somners, a notorious Highwayman, was brought to the New Jail from Croydon, being charg'd with ſeveral Robberies, but particularly that of William Wrightſon, Eſq; on Banſtead Downs on Friday 7-Night, from whom he took his Watch and about 17 l.

On Sunday Morning early 26 Thieves and Vagabonds of both Sexes, were ſeized at ſome Houſes near Kingſland Road, and committed to New Priſon and Bridewell, under the Guard of a Party of Soldiers.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, June 18.

"This Afternoon arrived here the Anne Gally, Cowie, from Jamaica. She came out on the 16th of April, in Company with the Cornwall and Strafford Men of War, the latter of which was bound to England; the Fly, Graham, came out alſo with them, but no other. The Roman Emperor, James, was arrived at Jamaica from this Place and Madeira; and Wager, Thompſon, from this Port. The Alexander, Duncomb, and the Jamaica Packet, late Ebſworthy, were both arrived from Africa."

By the Swallow Packet, Capt. Phillips, arrived at Falmouth from Jamaica, we have Advice of the Arrival of the following Ships at that Iſland, viz. the Alexander, Wood, the Clarendon, Peck, the Knowles, Burnell, the Albania, Gilbert, the Roſe, Marſhal, the Argyle, Mathie, the Cæſar, Templar, the Loedon Merchant, Reynolds, the Finder, Plaiſter, the Lovely Betty, Hoffack, the London, Cropton, and the Porpus, Gray, all from London; the Reynolds, Tindal, from Lancaſter; the Olive-Branch, Thwaits, from the Spaniſh Coaſt; the Bethell, Roſs, from Boſton; the Three Siſters, Cnok, the St. George, Grayſon, and the Strong, Gibſon, from Africa.

Laſt Sunday asrived in the Downs, the Hardwick, Capt. Sampſon, fram China, who touched at the Cape, where ſhe left Commodore Griffin, with ſix Men of War, homeward bound. She ſailed from St. Helena, in Company with the Scarborough, the 9th of April, and parted with her ſix Days before ſhe arrived in the Downs, about 100 Leagues Weſt of the Lizard.

The Eagle, Capt. ——, for London for Leghorn, was loſt on the Rocks ſoon after ſhe came out of Port; ſhe had on board eighty ſix Bales of Thrown Silk, with other Loading of great Value.

The William and Betty, Farrington, from Cheſter for Oporto, is loſt on Port Bar, and the Maſter and ſeveral of the Crew were drowned.

By our laſt Letters from Oporto we learn, that a Proclamation had been juſt publiſhed there, which, amongſt many other Things, prohibits the Importation and Wear of all kinds of Flowered and Embroidered Silks, and Woollen Goods, under very ſevere Penalties; but gives the preſent Poſſeſſors of them one Year to wear out what they have by them.

Letters from Alſace contradict the Reports which have been current, that the French were demoliſhing the Lines of Weiſſenbourg, aſſuring us, that, on the contrary, that they are going to be repaired, and ſome new Works added thereto, the Court of France having deſtined a conſiderable Sum for that Purpoſe.

Several private Letters from Holland intimate, that they were very much ſurprized, on their receiving an Account from England, that a Bill was brought into Parliament in Favour of a White Herring and Cod Fiſhery; and that ſeveral Meetings had been held by ſome of their ableſt Stateſmen, in Conjunction with ſome of their greateſt Merchants, in order to concert the moſt effectual Meaſures for ſecuring the Intereſt of the Dutch Fiſhery.

At the Academy, in Windſor-ſtreet near Wide-gate-Alley without Biſhopſgate, Gentlemen are taught to play on the German Flute, Violin, &c. and Dancing or Fencing, on rraſonable Terms. —— N. B. Gentlemen and Ladies completed in Country-Dancing for one Guinea.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, June 12. We are told, that ſeveral Gentlemen lately arrived here from London, give out, that the Bill for encouraging the White-Herring and Cod Fiſhery, is laid aſide for this Seſſion of Parliament; which muſt prove a very great Loſs to this Kingdom.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

RUSSIA.

Moſcow, May 15, O. S. The 11th Inſtant a Courier brought the melancholy News, that on the 3d Inſt. a dreadful Fire broke out at Caſan, the Metropolis of the Kingdom of that Name, and totally conſumed the ſame, leaving not a ſingle Houſe ſtanding. This City was the ſecond for Opulence and Grandeur in the whole Ruſſian Empire. The Fire began in the Quarter inhabited by the Tartars, who tho' now ſubject to the Ruſſian Empire, were formerly a powerful independent People, 'till the Czar John Baſiliowitz II. taking Advantage of a Civil War among them, overpowered and deprived them of their Royalty.

BANKRUPTS.

John Jackſon, of Worſthorn, in the Pariſh of Whaley, and County Palatinate of Lancaſter, Dealer and Chapman.

Nicholas Grimſhaw, of Blackburn, in the County of Lancaſter, Chapman.

Thomas Hill, of Primroſe-ſtreet, without Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, London, Brewer.

Thomas Robertſon, of Coleman-ſtreet, London, Carpenter and Chapman.

John White, late of Caſtle-Cary, in the County of Somerſet, Serge-maker.

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(Price One Shilling)
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At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

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He deals for READY MONEY.

His House faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel-Street, in the Strand.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breaking-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Fumigation, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL *judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very best Method and Medicines in usual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumptions which frequently terminate in Death itself.*

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they may assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6*s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Disease is intirely extirpated or not.*

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, against the East-End of the New-Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6*s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS, *the most Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, substantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenness *in Women; and is vastly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives such a generous Warmth, and so exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senses, and Nerves, as soon to shew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Desire, but also furnishes proper Matter, for the Support and Establishment of a true lasting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it answers the End as well of Food as Physick; nor is there any thing in Nature besides, that can in that Respect come up to it considering that it universally nourishes and restores in all the Declensions of Desire and Vigour, without the least forcing the Vessels, or stimulating the Parts, as most other Medicines for these Purposes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Physick, that SINE CERERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, this, in itself, is so sufficiently nutritious as to want no Assistance that Way; not but it must be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with it, cannot but in some Degree, at least as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furnish Matter and create Desire, but also true Power (as it braces up and corroborates the Testes) and gives an elastick Springiness to the Musculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanses, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankness and Laxity of the former, and the Foulness, Coldness, or Obstruction of the latter, being more the Cause of Impotency or Infertility, in the one Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing else beside; and that it is Balsamick, and greatly Restorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have many Instances in Physical Writings, of Persons arriving to a healthful old Age, as well as recover'd from deplorable Decays and Weaknesses, by a continued Use of the common Preparations of Vipers, which this Quintessence, by being of vastly more Efficacy, brings about in a Quarter of the Time, and with one Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Those who but once try it, will so pleasantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilerating the Heart, reviving the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juice, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it; for it is such a present Help, in Time of Need, as that on the taking then but a Dose or two more of it than ordinary, it will so instantaneously animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the sluggish enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the same Time seldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourse Prolifick, Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. West, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Bottles, being lately dead it is now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnson, a Baker, at the Seven Stars in Vere-Street, Clare-Market, sealed up, with Directions (for any Messenger) upon asking for only a Bottle of Quintessence.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO destructive to the Constitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moisture or very Essence of Life, and occasioning Consumptions, nervous Distempers, &c. but to Posterity also, inasmuch as those afflicted with such Gleetings, if not wholly disabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miserable, and short-liv'd Issue.

These frightful Gleetings, occasion'd by Self-pollution, excessive Venery, severe Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almost all Physicians and Surgeons to be so very difficult to overcome, are now so certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Restorative Balsamick Electuary, that no one, how bad soever, need despair of being entirely set to Rights in a few Days.

It is from this its most extraordinary Efficacy, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country now send for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only sure and infallible Remedy that can be safely rely'd upon in these Cases. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, seal'd up, with a Book of Instructions, highly necessary to be read by all Persons whoever were afflicted with any Disorder of the Seminal Vessels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd unless Post-paid.

For the Immediate Cure of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cause soever,*

And also of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occasion'd, or of ever so long Standing,*

The Famous and Inestimable PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature, ever invented,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenness in Women and Impotency in Men in the Universe, and which at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling, opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It enforces a bright lively Disposition banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurable Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living or otherwise, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch, that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) in debted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it self.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time; has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most invetorate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is Generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy wantonizes and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Ache, Vapours and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases, which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Diseases.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreable Manner, have occasion'd many to imitate them, some under the Name, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which by the Author's special Appointment are to be had only at the Gentlewomen's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE shortest, safe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the slightest Infection to the most inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleasant to take, and as easy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; so that the unfortunate Patient gets suddenly and surprizingly well, without Diffate to his Palate, the least Disorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now so well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SYPHILICON that Radcliffe and Garth used to say would totally extirpate the Venereal Disease from the Face of the Earth, were it but universally known, and properly taken. Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel, attendant Symptoms, it presently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a safe, gentle, and pleasant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Persons, in all Cases where Purging is necessary; nor can the deepest Scurvy, Rheumatism, Gout, Evil, or Leprosy, stand before it, but are pleasantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the highest and most inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Disease; which, with all its most raging Symptoms, it soon eradicates, restoring Health, Strength, and Vigor to the Body. Those who once take it, will never have Recourse to any Thing else. One Pot in most Cases is sufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by which all Persons may fully understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Syphilicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answered unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even to as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again; be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these famed and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions at large.

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